

### Republic of the Philippines

### Department of Education

REGION IV-A CALABARZON SCHOOLS DIVISION OF BATANGAS

27 September 2024

DIVISION MEMORANDUM No. 454, s.2024

### INTERIM GUIDELINES ON THE RESUMPTION OF SCHOOL-BASED IMMUNIZATION (SBI) PROGRAM AFTER THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

TO: Assistant Schools Division Superintendent Chief - Curriculum Implementation Division (CID) Chief - School Governance Operations Division Education Program Specialists Public Schools District Supervisors Public Elementary and Secondary School Heads All Others Concerned

- 1. Pursuant to Regional Memo 841 s,2024, this Office disseminates DM OUOPS-2024-03-06789, titled "Interim Guidelines on the Resumption of School-Based Immunization (SBI) Program after the Covid-19 Pandemic", for the information and guidance of all concerned.
- 2. The full resumption of face-to-face classes exposes school learners to a high risk of contracting vaccine-preventable diseases (VPDs) such as measles, rubella, tetanus, diphtheria, and human papillomavirus (HPV); thus, it is imperative that the SBI Program be implemented and shifted back to a school-based from a community-based setting.
- 3. School officials are enjoined to provide full support in the conduct of the activity. School health personnel are expected to closely coordinate with their respective RHU in the conduct of the vaccination activities.
- 4. For the IEC on Health Education Campaign and Promotion of this program, you may access this link <a href="http://bit.ly/BakunaEskwelaComPack">http://bit.ly/BakunaEskwelaComPack</a>
- 5. Immediate dissemination of this memorandum is desired.

MARITES A. IBAÑEZ, CESO V Schools Division Superintendent

SHN, DM-2024 INTERIM GUIDELINES ON THE RESUMPTION OF SCHOOL-BASED IMMUNIZATION (SBI) PROGRAM AFTER THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC, R2-137225, 09272024





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### Republika ng Pilipinas

### Department of Education

### OFFICE OF THE UNDERSECRETARY FOR OPERATIONS

### MEMORANDUM DM-OUOPS-2024-63-64789

TO

: REGIONAL DIRECTORS

SCHOOLS DIVISION SUPERINTENDENTS

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

ALL OTHERS CONCERNED

FROM

ATTY. REVSEE A. ESCOBEDO

Undersecretary for Operations

SUBJECT

INTERIM GUIDELINES ON THE RESUMPTION OF SCHOOL-BASED

IMMUNIZATION (SBI) PROGRAM AFTER THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

DATE

August 19, 2024

- Immunization provide protection against vaccine-preventable diseases (VPDs) such as
  measles, rubella, tetanus, diphtheria and human papillomavirus (HPV). In 2013, the
  School Based Immunization (SBI) Program was institutionalized and conducted every
  August nationwide in all public schools until the COVID-19 pandemic. IN 2020, SBI shifted
  from school-based to community-based setting due to mobility restrictions and suspension
  of in-person classes in schools during the peak of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The full resumption of face-to-face classes exposes school learners to high risk of contracting VPDs, thus it is imperative that the SBI Program shall be implemented and shifted back to school-based from community-based setting the full resumption of face-toface classes, school learners are at high risk of contracting VPDs.
- The Interim Guidelines on the Resumption of School-Based Immunization after the COVID-19 Pandemic are contained in the Enclosure.
- 4. Parental consent must be secured prior to the conduct of the activity.
- 5. Regional Directors, Schools Division Superintendents and other school officials are enjoined to provide full support to in the conduct of the activity. School health personnel are expected to closely coordinate with the regional/provincial/city health officers in the conduct of the vaccination activities.
- For more information, all concerned may contact Dr. Maria Corazon C. Dumlao, Chief, Health Program Officer, Bureau of Learner Support Services-School Health Division at (02)8632-9935 and email at blss.shd@deped.gov.ph.
- Immediate dissemination of this Memorandum is desired.

Incls.: As stated.













### Republic of the Philippines DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Office of the Secretary



June 21, 2024

### **DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM**

No. 2024 - 0250

FOR:

ALL UNDERSECRETARIES, ASSISTANT SECRETARIES, DIRECTORS OF BUREAUS, SERVICES, AND CENTERS FOR HEALTH DEVELOPMENT (CHD), MINISTER OF HEALTH - BANGSAMORO AUTONOMOUS REGION IN MUSLIM MINDANAO (MOH-BARMM), ATTACHED

AGENCIES, AND OTHERS CONCERNED

SUBJECT:

Interim Guidelines on the Resumption of School-Based

Immunization (SBI) after the COVID-19 Pandemic

### I. BACKGROUND

The School-based Immunization (SBI) is a program of the Department of Health (DOH), in coordination with the Department of Education (DepEd), that aims to provide protection against vaccine-preventable diseases (VPDs) such as measles, rubella, tetanus, diphtheria and human papillomavirus (HPV). Since 2013, SBI has been conducted every August nationwide in public schools until the COVID-19 pandemic. The SBI shifted from school-based to community-based setting due to mobility restrictions and suspension of in-person classes in schools during the peak of the COVID-19 pandemic.

With the full resumption of face-to-face classes, school learners are at high risk of contracting VPDs. Thus, the continuity of delivering immunization services, including school-based vaccination, proves to be critical in mitigating public health crises, such as the recent outbreaks of measles and pertussis in certain areas of the country.

In this regard, this issuance aims to provide technical directions for the re-implementation of School-based Immunization services at the school setting.

### II. GENERAL GUIDELINES

- A. All SBI services, including Measles-Rubella (MR), Tetanus-diphtheria (Td), and Human Papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination, shall resume its implementation in schools. It is recommended to be rolled out in public schools two (2) months from the start of classes or as agreed upon by DOH and DepEd.
- B. Grade 1 and Grade 7 school children shall be vaccinated with MR and Td vaccines while Grade 4 female school children shall be vaccinated with HPV vaccine. These vaccinations shall follow the appropriate dosages, scheduling and intervals.

- C. A template for informed consent (Annex A), including information, education, and communication (IEC) materials shall be disseminated to parents or guardians prior to the SBI roll-out.
- D. Proper microplanning, coordination, and demand generation activities shall be undertaken by all local government units (LGUs) and local health workers concerned, in collaboration with other stakeholders such as the Department of Education (DepEd) and other national government agencies (NGAs), to ensure the efficiency in managing health resources and highlight the distinction of the MR-Td and HPV school-based immunization from other ongoing vaccination services.

### III. SPECIFIC GUIDELINES

### A. Preparatory Activities

### 1. Coordination and Engagement with School Administration

- a. Local health centers shall coordinate with school principals, teachers and school nurses on the conduct of SBI activities and SBI guidelines orientation.
- b. Teachers-in-charge/school nurses shall issue notification letters and consent forms (Annex A) and IEC materials of health services such as immunization to school children upon enrollment. The template for notification letter and informed consent may be accessed through: <a href="https://bit.ly/SBIConsentForm">https://bit.ly/SBIConsentForm</a>.
- c. Schools within the LGU catchment area shall endorse the list of Grade 1, Grade 7, and female Grade 4 children enrolled for the current school year to the local health center.
- d. Local health center staff shall record the endorsed list of eligible school children in the *Recording Forms 1, 2, and 3 (Annexes B, C, D)*. The recording forms may be accessed via: <a href="https://tinyurl.com/SBIReporting">https://tinyurl.com/SBIReporting</a>.

### 2. Microplanning

- a. All LGUs, assisted by the DOH Development Management Officers (DMO) with coordination and guidance of NIP Managers, shall develop a detailed microplan of the SBI activities. Micro-plans shall include the following:
  - i. Calculation and identification of the number of children to be vaccinated per immunization session and the vaccination teams needed to prepare immunization schedules for the vaccination team including the schools to be visited;
  - ii. Calculation of the vaccine and other logistics needed including the cold chain equipment;
  - iii. Immunization session plans;
  - iv. Plan for high-risk and hard-to-reach population;
  - v. Crafting of supervisory and monitoring schedule;
  - vi. Follow-up schedule and mop-up plan;
  - vii. Human resource mapping and contingency plan;
  - viii. Demand generation plan;
  - ix. Disease surveillance and reporting;

- x. Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI) management plan; and
- xi. Waste management plan
- b. All SBI operational resource requirements shall be consolidated at the city/municipality, provincial and regional levels and included in the costed SBI microplans to be submitted to the higher administrative level.
- c. A standard microplan template which can be accessed through <a href="https://tinyurl.com/SBIMicroplanTemplate">https://tinyurl.com/SBIMicroplanTemplate</a> shall be used by all LGUs.

### 3. Demand Generation

- a. Engagement of parents and caregivers through Parents and Teacher Association (PTA) meetings and similar activities shall be conducted by schools to ensure uptake among students.
- b. Discussions on vaccination among students shall also be conducted through platforms such as flag ceremonies, as part of lectures for relevant classes, and/or through dedicated teach-in sessions to raise awareness and willingness among students.
- c. Conducting social listening and feedbacking among students and parents shall be done through different channels such as meetings and discussions to identify mis/disinformation that need to be addressed.
- d. LGUs and schools shall mobilize stakeholders to support demand generation activities. This can include the provision of giveaways for successfully vaccinated students, as well as incentives for health workers.
- e. Other interactive community engagement activities such as contests and kick-off/launching activities are also encouraged.

### 4. Setting up of Vaccination Posts

Local health centers shall coordinate with the school administrators for the use of school facilities as temporary vaccination posts. Temporary vaccination posts shall be well-ventilated and spacious to allow compliance with minimum public health standards. Client flow in the vicinity shall be discussed with school administrators, teachers-in-charge, and school nurses.

### 5. Establishment of Vaccination Teams

- a. A vaccination team shall be composed of at least three (3) trained personnel composed of one (1) vaccinator, one (1) recorder and one (1) health counselor.
- b. Vaccination teams shall be organized based on the target number of schoolchildren to be vaccinated per immunization session and shall apply the following strategies:
  - i. The LGUs shall identify available human resources for deployment based on the calculated number of vaccination teams needed and identify the gap for possible HR augmentation from stakeholders/ partners in order to reach the target.
  - ii. Schedule vaccination sessions and deployment of vaccination teams giving priority to schools with a high number of eligible children that are close in their respective area of jurisdiction, and/ or areas with cases of measles-rubella. The number of target eligible

populations shall be automatically populated in the SBI Recording Forms.

c. Provided that remaining funds are still available, hiring additional vaccinators and encoders for this activity may be charged under the Locally Funded Project (LFP) funds. Appropriate remuneration through performance-based incentives, and daily subsistence allowance (DSA), transportation allowance, and other immunization-related activities shall be provided to the vaccination teams and may be chargeable against Public Health Management (PHM) funds under DO 2024-0032-B entitled "Further Amendment to the Department Order No. 2024-0032-A dated March 13, 2024, and February 7, 2024, entitled, Guidelines on the Sub-Allotment and Utilization of Funds to Centers for Health Development and Ministry of Health-Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao for the Conduct of CY 2024 Bivalent Oral Polio Vaccine Catch-Up and Supplementation Immunization Activities (bOPV SIA)."

### 6. Orientation and Training

Pre-deployment orientation and capacity—building activities on SBI guidelines shall be conducted to all primary healthcare workers, vaccination teams, school personnel, and other stakeholders participating in this activity. Orientation shall be provided by the Provincial and City Health Offices with the assistance of the National Immunization Program staff of the CHD.

### B. School-Based Immunization (SBI) Roll-Out

### 1. Conduct of Immunization Sessions

- a. Vaccination teams may request support from Barangay Local Government Units (BLGUs) for the mobilization and transportation of vaccination teams to the different school vaccination locations as scheduled.
- b. Only students from the school itself can take part in the immunization sessions held on school premises.
- c. Consenting parents/guardians of Grade 1, Grade 7, and female Grade 4 school children shall complete and submit the consent forms on/or before the scheduled SBI immunization session.
- d. School children shall bring their Routine Immunization Cards or Mother and Child booklets on the day of immunization for confirmation of their vaccination history.
- e. The vaccinator shall conduct a quick health assessment prior to administration of MR, Td, and HPV vaccines using the recommended form (Annex G) to ensure that the child is well enough to be vaccinated.
- f. Antigens administered during the SBI shall be reflected as a supplemental dose in the Routine Immunization Card, Mother and Child booklet, or SBI vaccination card.
- g. If the Routine Immunization Card or Mother and Child Booklet is not available, an SBI vaccination card shall be provided by the local health center (Annex H).
- h. Parents and guardians must be reminded to keep the child's immunization card as it will be used as a means for verification of the child's vaccination status.

### 2. MR-Td and HPV Immunization Target Population, Schedules, and Operations

- a. Local health center staff shall be in charge of checking the school children's vaccination status and consolidating informed consents for SBI.
- b. Target school children shall receive the following recommended vaccines:

Table 1. Recommended vaccines for school-based immunization.

Vaccine	Vaccination History	Vaccine Schedule	Dosage
Grade 1 Students			
MR	Irrespective	One (1) dose	0.5mL SQ, Right upper arm (posterior triceps) each dose
Td	Irrespective	One (1) dose	0.5mL, IM, Left deltoid
Grade 7 Students			A STATE OF THE STA
MR	Irrespective	One (1) dose	0.5mL SQ, Right upper arm (posterior triceps)
Td	Ігтеѕрестіче	One (1) dose	0.5mL, IM, Left deltoid
Grade 4 Female S	tudents in selected l	IPV implementing a	reas only (Annex I)
		HPV1	0.5ml IM, left deltoid
HPV	Zero (0) dose	HPV 2, at least 6 months from 1st dose	0.5ml, IM left deltoid
	One (1) or 2 doses from previous year implementation	Vaccination not required	None

- c. Timing and spacing of MR, Td, or HPV vaccines with other vaccines shall follow standard immunization rules:
  - i. Inactivated vaccines such as Td and HPV can be given at any interval even if another vaccine was previously injected to the child (ie. rabies toxoid or MR vaccine).
  - ii. Live, attenuated vaccines such as MR can be administered on the following conditions:
    - 1. If not given simultaneously/on the same day after another live attenuated vaccine (e.g., varicella), administer following a 28-day interval
    - 2. If not given simultaneously/on the same day after an inactivated vaccine (ie. Td and HPV), administer any time

- iii. Co-administration of vaccines in one session must be done using separate syringes and different injection sites.
- d. All vaccinated students shall be recorded in Recording Forms 1, 2 and 3.
- e. In compliance with Healthy Learning Institutions standards, private schools who wish to participate in school-based immunization shall directly coordinate with their respective local health centers. Eligible private school children shall also be recorded in the *Recording Forms*.
- f. End-of-cycle mop-up activities. To achieve maximum immunization coverage, mop-up activities shall be provided to those students who have not completed their recommended immunization schedule. The local health center shall inform the teacher-in-charge or school nurse of available activities. This catch-up may include the scheduling of an additional vaccine day, the option for some students to receive catch-up vaccines with their peers in other classes or accessing the immunization session from the local health center.
  - i. A mop-up activity may be scheduled for all eligible students who were initially deferred for MR, Td, or HPV immunization. Parents or caregivers of eligible students who missed the initial roll-out and catch-up activity and express willingness to get vaccinated shall be referred to the nearest implementing local health center. The student shall be accompanied by their parents and/or caregivers and shall be instructed to bring their duly accomplished consent form, provided that there are still available vaccines.
  - ii. These students shall also be recorded in the Recording Forms.

### 3. Supply Chain and Logistics Management

### a. Vaccine Supply and Inventory Management

- i. All MR, Td, and HPV vaccines and ancillaries shall be provided by the DOH Central Office (CO).
- ii. The quantity of the vaccines and supplies to be allocated and provided to the CHDs shall be based on the consolidated number of enrolled students per region. Requested quantities will be reviewed and adjusted based on inventory reports and vaccine requirements at sub-national levels. Quantification for vaccines and ancillaries shall be done using the microplan template (https://tinyurl.com/SBIMicroplanTemplate).
- iii. All provinces/cities are required to update inventories of MR, Td and HPV vaccines received and issued through the electronic logistics management information system (eLMIS). Such shall be reported weekly.

### b. Vaccine Handling and Storage

- i. MR, Td, and HPV vaccines shall be maintained at +2°C to +8°C at all times during distribution, storage, and immunization sessions.
  - 1. MR vaccines lose their potency by 50% when exposed to over 8°C within one (1) hour
  - 2. Td vaccines must never be frozen
  - 3. HPV vaccines should be protected from light
- ii. Vaccine vials with vaccine vial monitors (VVMs) at discard point shall properly be disposed of.

- iii. Vaccine vials and diluents must be placed in standard vaccine carriers. Standard vaccine carriers should have four (4) conditioned ice packs. Newer vaccine carriers have seven (7) conditioned ice packs.
- iv. Pre-filling of syringes of vaccines is NOT allowed.
- v. Any remaining reconstituted MR vaccine doses must be discarded after six (6) hours or at the end of the immunization session, whichever comes first. Unused reconstituted vaccine MUST NEVER be returned to the refrigerator.
- vi. Open vials of Td vaccine follow the multi-dose vial policy (MDVP). As such, these may be used in subsequent sessions (up to 28 days from opening) provided the following conditions are met:
  - 1. Expiry date has not passed
  - 2. Vaccines are stored under appropriate cold chain conditions
  - 3. Vaccine vial septum has not been submerged in water
  - 4. Aseptic technique has been used to withdraw all doses
  - 5. Vaccine Vial Monitor (VVM) is intact and has not reached the discard point
  - 6. Date is indicated when the vial was opened.
- vii. Excess, unopened vaccine vials brought during immunization sessions shall be marked with a check (</) before returning to the refrigerator for storage. The check mark shall indicate that the vaccine vial was out of the refrigerator and shall be prioritized for use in the next immunization sessions.

### C. Immunization Safety and Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI)

- 1. Special precautions must be instituted to ensure that blood-borne diseases will not be transmitted during MR, Td, and HPV immunization. This shall include:
  - a. Use of the auto-disabled syringe (ADS) in all immunization sessions
  - b. Proper disposal of used syringes and needles into the safety collector box and the safety collector boxes with used immunization wastes through the recommended appropriate final disposal for hazardous wastes
  - c. Refraining from pre-filling of syringes, re-capping of needles, and use of aspirating needles, as prohibited
- 2. Fear of injections resulting in fainting has been commonly observed in adolescents during vaccination. Fainting is an immunization anxiety-related reaction. To reduce its occurrence, it is recommended for vaccination sites to be situated in areas not readily visible to the students. Further, the vaccinees shall be:
  - a. Advised to eat before vaccination and be provided with comfortable room temperature during the waiting period
  - b. Seated or lying down while being vaccinated
  - c. Carefully observed for approximately 15 minutes after administration of the vaccine and provided with comfortable room temperature during the observation period
- The decision to administer or delay vaccination because of a current or recent febrile illness depends largely on the severity of the symptoms and their etiology. Mild upper respiratory infections are not generally contraindications to vaccination.

- 4. Adverse events following MR-Td and HPV vaccination are generally non-serious and of short duration. However:
  - a. MR vaccine should NOT be given to a child or adolescent who:
    - i. Has a history of a severe allergic reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) after a previous dose of the vaccine or vaccine component (e.g. neomycin)
    - ii. Has a known severe immunodeficiency (e.g., from hematologic and solid tumors, receipt of chemotherapy, congenital immunodeficiency, or long-term immunosuppressive therapy or patients with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection who are severely immunocompromised)
    - iii. Pregnant females
  - b. Td vaccine should NOT be given to anyone who had a severe allergic reaction (eg, anaphylaxis) after a previous dose.
  - c. HPV vaccine should NOT be given to adolescents who:
    - i. Had a severe allergic reaction after a previous vaccine dose, or to a component of the vaccine.
    - ii. Has a history of immediate hypersensitivity to yeast.
    - iii. Pregnant females. Although the vaccine has not been causally associated with adverse pregnancy outcomes or adverse events to the developing fetus, data on vaccination in pregnancy are limited.
- 5. Vaccine adverse reactions from any of the vaccines can be found in Annex J of this document. Reporting of AEFI shall follow the existing DOH Guidelines in Surveillance and Response to Adverse Events Following Immunization using the form in Department Circular No. 2023-0206 entitled Advisory on the Implementation and Use of the Revised AEFI Case Investigation Form (CIF) Version 2023.
- 6. All vaccination teams and sites shall have at least one (1) complete AEFI kit with first-line treatment drugs such as epinephrine for allergic reactions and other items for managing the clinical presentation of AEFIs. These kits shall be replenished prior to each vaccination run. All vaccination team members shall be trained to detect, monitor, and provide first aid for AEFI (eg. anaphylaxis) and other health emergencies following immunization. Prompt referral to the nearest health facility must be made in such events.

Table 2. Recommended dosage for epinephrine.

Route of Administration	Frequency of Administration	Dose
Epinephrine 1:1000, IM to the midpoint of the anterolateral aspect of the 3rd of the thigh immediately	Repeat in every 5-15 min as needed until there is a resolution of the anaphylaxis  Note: Persisting or worsening cough associated with pulmonary edema is an important sign of epinephrine overdose and toxicity	According to age:  • 0.05 mL for less than 1 y.o.  • 0.15 mL for 2-6 y.o.  • 0.3 mL for 6-12 y.o.  • 0.5 mL for older than 12 y.o.

7. The DOH-retained and other government hospitals shall not charge the patient treated for serious AEFI with any fee. In areas where there are no existing or accessible government hospitals/health facilities, serious AEFI cases shall be managed in private institutions and assistance shall be provided by the LGU with support from the DOH in accordance with Administrative Order 2023-0007 entitled Revised Omnibus Guidelines on the Surveillance and Management of Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI).

### D. Data Management and Monitoring

### 1. Recording and Reporting

- a. The vaccination teams shall utilize the SBI *Recording Forms* as masterlists of Grade 1, Grade 7, and female Grade 4 school children.
- b. The total number of children vaccinated per immunization session shall be recorded using the Summary Reporting Form (Annex E) and shall be uploaded in the vaccination dashboard developed by KMITS. Submitted reports shall be analyzed by the DPCB National Immunization Program and submitted to the Public Health Services Cluster (PHSC) as regular updates. The summary reporting form may be accessed via the link: <a href="https://tinyurl.com/SBIReporting">https://tinyurl.com/SBIReporting</a>.
- c. The procedure for submission of reports should adhere to the guidelines provided in Annex F.

### 2. Monitoring

The Disease Prevention and Control Bureau (DPCB) together with the HPB, EB, KMITS, SCMS and other DOH Bureaus and Offices shall convene weekly meetings with the CHDs and MOH-BARMM every Wednesdays at 10:00 AM until the end of the SBI roll-out period to provide regular updates, review plans and recalibrate strategies, as needed.

### IV. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

### A. The Disease Prevention and Control Bureau (DPCB) shall:

- Provide technical assistance and capacity building on the conduct of school-based MR-Td-HPV vaccination, in collaboration with professional and civil societies:
- 2. Coordinate with the Supply Chain Management Service (SCMS) to ensure the availability of vaccines down to the Local Government Unit (LGU) level throughout the implementation of the conduct of school-based MR-Td-HPV vaccination;
- 3. Coordinate with the Health Promotion Bureau with regard to increasing the awareness on the conduct of school-based MR-Td-HPV vaccination; and
- 4. Monitor and evaluate the implementation of school-based MR-Td-HPV vaccination services and outcome indicators.

### B. The Health Promotion Bureau (HPB) shall:

- 1. Develop social and behavior change (SBC) strategies for vaccine-preventable diseases and school based immunization (SBI);
- Cascade SBC plan and Communication Packages to the Centers for Health Development (CHDs) and Ministry of Health - Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (BARMM), partners, and stakeholders for localization and dissemination;
- 3. Collect data on behavioral determinants of target parents and guardians for school-based immunization;
- 4. Support the DepEd in monitoring the accomplishment of indicators and standards related to vaccination in the implementation of the Oplan Kalusugan sa DepEd-Healthy Learning Institutions (OKD-HLI) program, and propose recommendations as appropriate; and
- 5. Evaluate effectiveness of SBC strategies in promoting the conduct of school-based immunization services to guide evidence-based research and policy making.
- C. The Epidemiology Bureau (EB) shall enforce the implementation of the existing DOH Guidelines:
  - 1. Administrative Order No. 2016-2006 entitled "Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI) surveillance and response;" and
  - 2. Administrative Order No. 2016-0025 entitled, guidelines on the Referral System for Adverse Events.
- D. The Supply Chain Management Service (SCMS) shall be responsible for the distribution and monitoring of vaccines.
- E. The Communication Office (COM) shall conduct media-facing activities to increase awareness and participation for SBI.
- F. The Centers for Health Development (CHDs) and Ministry of Health-Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (MOH-BARMM) shall perform the following:

### 1. The National Immunization Program (NIP) shall:

- a. Conduct orientation for concerned stakeholders regarding the policy and promote its adoption and implementation;
- b. Provide technical assistance and capacity building to LGUs and other partners on the conduct of MR-Td and HPV school-based immunization;
- c. Conduct planning with the Provincial and HUCs, DepEd, and DILG counterparts in the implementation of the SBI;
- d. Submit and analyze submitted weekly accomplishment reports by the Local Government Units through the reporting tool indicated in Section D.1.b:
- e. Evaluate and monitor the implementation of the policy by both public and private sectors in their respective regions; and
- f. Support the LGUs in the reproduction of recording and reporting forms, notification letter and consent forms, quick health assessment forms, immunization cards, among others, as needed.

### 2. The Health Education and Promotion Units (HEPUs) shall:

- a. Conduct demand generation planning with the LGUs, DepEd, and DILG counterparts in the implementation of the SBI;
- b. Implement social and behavior change (SBC) strategies for vaccine-preventable diseases and school based immunization (SBI):
  - i. Advocate for school administrators and teachers to become champions of school-based immunization;
  - ii. Assist schools in educating, getting the consent of, and mobilizing parents to participate in school-based immunization;
  - iii. Develop and reproduce communication packages and materials to drive demand and support participation in school-based immunization;
  - iv. Harmonize other stakeholders such as the private sector, non-government or civil society organizations, development partners and religious sector to solicit support for immunization program;
- c. Ensure intensification of health promotions regarding SBI together with routine immunization services within their area of influence; and
- d. Support LGUs in the reproduction of materials, as needed.
- 3. The Regional Epidemiology Surveillance Units (RESUs) shall monitor reports of AEFI and conduct vaccine safety surveillance and conduct investigations to reported cases of serious AEFI.
- 4. The Cold Chain Managers and/or the Supply Chain Units shall ensure proper cold chain management at all levels and facilitate allocation and distribution of vaccines to LGUs and monitor stock inventory for immediate replenishment, as needed.
- 5. The Communication Management Units (CMUs) shall develop crisis communication plans for AEFI and issue press releases and engage media to cover the SBI activities.

### G. The Department of Education (DepEd) shall:

- 1. Disseminate the policy to all School Division Offices (SDOs) for coordination and planning with their respective counterpart LGUs;
- 2. Disseminate consent forms upon enrollment or at least two (2) weeks prior to actual implementation;
- 3. Conduct health education and promotion activities to parents and students to advocate for immunization in collaboration with the local health center,;
- 4. Provide the needed Master List of Learners (Grade 1, Grade 7, and Female Grade 4) for the year of implementation to their respective counterpart LGUs at least one (1) month prior to the actual SBI rollout; and
- 5. Inform DepEd personnel in SDOs that they may participate voluntarily in the conduct of fixed-site approach school-based immunization. In this regard, the school nurses may:
  - a. Screen immunization records of students for a missed dose, series of doses, or all vaccines due to the learners;
  - b. Administer vaccines to eligible students within the school premises;
  - c. Provide follow-up care and additional vaccinations if required; and

d. Perform the recording, data collection and validation of the number of immunized target populations during the implementation period.

### ₩. ¥. The Local Government Units (LGUs) shall:

- 1. Conduct school-based MR-Td and HPV vaccination within their area of influence in accordance to the guidelines set by DOH;
  - 2. Provide localized support or counterpart (i.e. resources, collaterals, others) for the implementation of the policy;
  - 3. Allot funds for reproduction of SBI IEC materials and all other relevant forms for the activity;
  - 4. Develop strategies for conduct of school-based MR-Td-HPV vaccination specific to their area of jurisdiction;
  - 5. Perform data validation and generate reports regarding accomplishment during the implementation period;
  - 6. Conduct regular consultation and implementation reviews among respective LGU personnel, immunization stakeholders, and other organizational partners to improve service delivery efficiency and address implementation issues/gaps; and
  - 7. Submit timely reports to the DOH and DILG for monitoring and tracking of progress of implementation.

### 1. C. The Local Health Centers shall:

- 1. Conduct social and behavior change strategies to support school-based immunization;
  - 2. Deploy trained healthcare workers to conduct immunization sessions;
  - 3. Ensure the availability and proper storage and handling of vaccines and related supplies;
  - 4. Screen the immunization records of students for a missed dose, series of doses, or all vaccines due to the learners;
  - 5. Administer vaccines to eligible students within the school premises;
  - 6. Provide follow-up care and additional vaccinations if required; and
  - 7. Perform the recording, data collection and validation of the number of immunized target populations during the implementation period.

O.H. Professional medical and allied medical associations, academic institutions, non-government organizations, development partners and the private sector shall be enjoined to support the implementation of the catch-up immunization guidelines and disseminate it to the areas of their influence.

For dissemination and strict compliance.

By Authority of the Secretary of Health:

GLENN MATHEW G. BAGGAO, MD, MHA, MSN, FPSMS, FPCHA Undersecretary of Health Public Health Services Cluster

### Annex A: Notification Letter and Consent Form Template



Republika ng Pilipmas Rehiyon\_\_\_\_





### NOTIFICATION LETTER

			DATE:	
DIVISION:				
SCHOOL:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
ADDRESS:		_ _		
Dear Parent Guardian:				
This school as a Public E and Tetanus-Diphtheria (Td) vacci Government Unit (LGU).	lementary Secondary Scho tines to Grade 1 and Grade	ol will provide School-Bar * students in coordination	sed Immunization (SBI) o with the Department of He	f Measles-Rubella (Mi alth (DOH) and the Loc
This Notification is being further questions on t	issued to you as information his matter, please get in touc	n of the activity that will b h with the Principal School	e conducted for SY 2024 -	- 2025. Should you have
Thank you very much.				
		Very truly	yours,	
		Name of	School Head Principal	
	ACKNOWLED	GEMENT AND CONSE	NT	
I have read and understood the infor	nation regarding the intender	d immunization services to	be given to my child.	
Name of the Child			Date of Birth (man	Milwood
Surname:	First Name:	Middle Name:		
Conditional Constitution	<u> </u>	Tarak in the same of the same		Sec.
Contact Number:	School:			
PRE-VACCINATION CHECKL	ST (FOR PARENT/CUAR	MAN TO COMPLETE		
leur consent is required before ye applies /chelly check // if are cone	ncy disease must from medications must from medications		nce from your physician (	f any of the following
CONSENT FOR MAINTENDENT ATTO	RC A LANGE LANGE		77 F 445 F	
Yes, I will allow my child to		ck in the box provided)		
Grade 1 (MR, Td)	re provident the minimization se	races as per bon recommend		
Grade T(MR, Td)				1
No. I will not allow my child	to receive the sommunications serv	ice because		
	it of the required simulusizations, ledge that I have read and understoon			
	Name and Signatur	re of Farent Guardum		



### Republika ng Pilipinas Rehiyon\_\_\_\_





### NOTIFICATION LETTER

			DATE:	
DIVISION:		_		
SCHOOL:		<u>.</u>		
ADDRESS:		_		
Dear Parent Guardian:				
This school as a Public Element (HPV) Vaccine to Grade 4 Female studes				
This Notification is being issued further questions—clarifications on this ma-				- 2025. Should you have
Thank you very much.				
		Very endy you	rs,	
		Name of Scho	ol Head Principal	
I have and and and and and a second		GEMENT AND CONSENT		
have read and understood the information	tefatomi me mennec	immunization services to be gr		
Name of the Child		1 3 4 4 2 2 3 2	Date of Birth (see	V60/333)
Surname	First Name:	Middle Name		
Contact Information	te Militaria de Calabraria.	A Professional Commencer	Age	Sex
Contact Number:	School:			
PREAMCCINATION CHECK AST (F	OR PARENT/CILLE	DEAN TO COMPLETE)		<u>.                                    </u>
Tour consent is required before your chi	ld can be immuniced	at school. Request clearance.	fom Jour physician .	f am of the following
applies (kindly check (v) if any condition of My child had a history of severe aller		CHIEF The second		
My child has a severe illness:	it to nomen bahamata	( nos (rir v ) vaccine.		
Primary immune - deficiency di				
Suppressed immune response fro	an medicanens			
Lymphoma				
Other generalized malignancies				
None, my child is relatively healthy.				
CONSENT FOR BAMERIZATION			2	
_	Please che	ck in the box provided:		
Yes, I will allow my child to be prove	ded the immunization ser	rvices as per DOH recommendation		
Grade 1 (MR, T3)				
☐ Grade TOUR, Tds				
No I will not allow my child to recei	ve the minimization serv	ice because		
I understand that by oping out of the	remissed reservoir vatur	mer abuld man ha ab a brahan ar to al-	contracting traceing	-arthle deserve. Do
signing this wanter. I acknowledge the the required school immunications	-		• •	
	Name and Signatur	re of Parent Guardian		

# Annex B: Recording Form 1 - Masterlist of Grade 1 Students

### SCHOOL-BASED IMMUNIZATION Recording form 11 Marterilla of Grade 1 students

Region:		Name of Schoo:		Sectors					Z						Ë						
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Cay/Province:		Dete:	1						Ę	Number of vacche unused (in viels);	5 •	É		1	₹	io sec	Number of Vectore Unused (in vals):				
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REASONS FOR BEING URVACCHAFED (Select an that apply for the HH) Code	End Unividential pays for the HH) Resease	6																			
	Parent was absent / away from home Fear of vaccine Side effect Vaccine salety issues (dengue vaccine	Parent was absent / away from home Fear of vaccine Side effect Voccine safety Issues (dengue vaccine experience, past advense expensance, etc.)	ne expenence, etc.)	32=1	<u>.</u>	of trust just rec	Ressons Lack of trust in the vaccinator Child just recovered from illing	cinator om illnes	Reasons Leck of trust in the vaccinator Child just recovered from Bhess or just dischaged from the	chaged In	on the										
4 Oxid already to parents refused 5 Fear of COMD	Oxid almady has complete rous ents refused Fear of COMD transmission	Child ainsady has complete routine vectination, extra vaccine dose not necessary, ents rehosed Fear of COMD transmission	e dose not necessary.	ខ្លួននេះ	20 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	The there	hospital, the perent/ canginer refused:  12 Unaware of the campaign  13 Vaccine team did not visit	ž PŽ	¥												
6 Vaccine perte 7 Client is a nev given vaccination	ived to be not en- idom and parent:	Vective pertrived to be not effective, of lose-quality or on meat-expiry. Client is a newborn and parents believed that her/his child is too young to be vectivizion	ear-expiry s too young to be	2 22 23		WES SCU	LINKO was a from a otherent area Child was acusely sick or not feeling Do not know, declined to respond	erent er or not fe d to resp	LING was a from a otherent area Child was acutely sick or not feeling well Do not know/ declined to respond												
8 Child was already va saconts/ caredwer refused	ady vaccinated by	CNM was already vectorated by private MD, against advised by private MDs, thus to carestyne reluxed.	by private MDs, thus	<b>H H</b>		Outright refusal Other (specify):	<b>3</b> 5														
9 Peculier personal beliefs or mis secondation. Assess miseous beliefs	nel beliefs or miss reference beliefs	Peculiar personal beliats or misconceptions of the parents or caregiver on nation. Assists relations beliafs.	r caregiver on							ı											

# Annex C: Recording Form 2 - Masterlist of Grade 7 Students

### SCHOOL-BASED IMMUNIZATION Recording Form 21 Materials of Grade 7 Students

Pagor:	Name of Schoo:	8	<b>Metton</b> :	1												
Berangay:	Darchhinepaity					MR: Number of vaccine Received an valst;	DC://e Pe	E pen eg	¥	j	£ ₹	Td: Number of Vaccine Received (in vielg)	- Pacew	in ver	ان	
Ch/Province:	Dake	•				Number of Vecche Unitedia vieri;	DCD& UB	edýn vels usedín v		1	Manda Manda	Number of vacche Unedán viest; Number of vacche Unused; nivers;	e Unadin	VEST.		ı
To be filled out by Local Health Center / Veccination Team	Vaccination 700m			To be differ ou	To be filled out by Woodration Nam	. New										
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					:											
Name & Signature of Supervoor	Name & Signs	Name & Signature of Viscolnator 1	İ		Kane	Herne & Signature of Vaccinater 2	colmete/ 2				ł	Mens & Signature of Recorder	ure of Re	i de		
MAASONS FOR BEBNS LINVANCEINATED  [Select all that apply for the HH]  Code  Parent was absent/ amay from home  Pear of vactors sake effect  Vaccine safety haves (dergue wacone experience, past adverse experience)  Vaccine safety haves (dergue wacone experience, past adverse experience)  Fear of ODVID transmission  Vaccine perceived to be not effective, of low-quality or on near-expiry  Fear of CDVID transmission  Vaccine perceived to be not effective, of low-quality or on near-expiry  Litent is a newborn and parents befleved that her/fits child is too young to  Mad was already vaccinated by private MD, against advessed by private Ma  Perceive perceived or misconceptions of the parents or caregiver on vaccination, Against religious beliefs	THE FOR BEING LIANAACCINATED  I all that apply for the HH)  Readoss  Parent was absent/ away from home  Fear of vaccine Side effect Vaccine safety hause; (derigue watcine experience, past adverse experience, etc.) Vaccine safety hause; (derigue watcine experience, past adverse experience, etc.) Vaccine safety has complete routine vaccination, entra vaccine dose not necessary.  Chief are of COVID transmission Vaccine percaived to be not effective, of lose-quality or on near-expiry  Client is a newborn and parents befleved that her/fils child is too young to be vaccination.  Child was already vaccinated by private MD, against advised by private MDs, thus Recollar personal beliefs or misconcaptions of the parents or caregiver on allon, Against religious beliefs.	spenence, etc.) e not necessary. spiry young to be make MDs, thus	20 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Code Resson.  10 Lick of trust in the vaccinator.  11 Child just recovered from illness or just dischaged from the hospital, the perent/ ceregiver refused:  12 Unaware of the campagn.  13 Vaccine team did not visit.  14 Child was a from a different area.  15 Child was acusely sict or not feeling well.  16 Do not know! decimed to respond.  17 Outright refusal.  18 Other (specify):	vaccinator di from iliness or gesem refused: ot visit different area kit or not feelii imed to respon	just dischaged i	dom the									

# Annex D: Recording Form 3 - Masterlist of Grade 4 Female Students

## SCHOOL-BASED IMMUNIZATION Recording form 3: Maeterilat of Grade 4 Female Students

Regron:	Name of Schoo:		Section:							•	į							
Barangay:	Detrict/Mun oipe: ty:										Number o	Vicoine	Receive	Number of Vaccine Received en vialsi;				
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To be filed out by Local Health Center / Veconstion Rem	Veccretion Rem				b the file	d our by	VECCAR	To be fried out by vaccination Team										
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Name & Signature of Supervisor	Name & Signature of Vaccinator	re of Vaccinator 1				Name & Signature of Vaccinator 2	of Vaccin	36.2		ŀ	Hanna A	Name & Eignature of Recorder	of Perco	3				
REASONS FOR BEING LIANACCHATED (Select all that apply for the HH) Code																		
Parent wa	оше		Ş		Reasons	SUCE												
2 Fear of vaccine Side effect			2	S S	Irust in	Lack of Irust in the vaccinator	netor											
Vaccine safety issues (dengue v.	Vaccine safety issues (dengue vaccine experience, past adverse experience, etc.)	perience, etc.)	= }		A TROOP	11 Child just recovered from iffness o	a Maess	or just d	Child just recovered from illness or just dischaged from the	£								
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5 Fear of COVID transmission			13	Vaccin	b mean a	Vaccine team did not visit	#											
6 Vaccine perceived to be not eff.	Vaccine perceised to be not effective, of lost-quality or on near-expiry	, Sid	<b>#</b> :	\$ :	# 1 fro	Child was a from a different area	rent and											
/ Clean is a newborn and parents about the parents	Cleant is a newborn and parents behaved that Mer/his child is too young to be userination	oung to be	2 9		) NO.	Cima was acutely sizk of not receing wer Do not know/ declined to resoond	to resor											
8 Child was already vaccinated by	Child was already vaccinated by private IAID, against advised by private NIDs, thus	vate MDs, thus	::	0	Ournght refusal	3 2	•											
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y require personal benefit of mass vaccination, Against religious beliefs	Peculies personal behavior misconceptions of the parents of categories on nation, Against religious beliefs																	

## Annex E: Summary Reporting Form

## School-Besed Immunization DALLY SUMMARY REPORTING Form: PHU Consolidated Accomplishment form Report

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			3	Grade 1								5	4 6	Grado 4 Female								ð	Cade 7					
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Vet. Number of Vaccine Received en visis): Number of Vaccine Leadin visits;	A vietely.		# 2 2 2	Tot Number of Vaccine Received (in viets): Number of Vaccine Used(in viets):	Vaccine	Receive	25 mg	]	i																			

Annex F: Flow and Submission of Reports

Levels of Implementation	Type of report	Responsible Person	To be Submitted to	Schedule of Report
	Recording Form 1: Masterlist of Grade 1 Students			
School	Recording Form 2: Masterlist of Grade 4 Students	Local Health Center/Vaccination Team	RHU	Daily
	Recording Form 3: Masterlist of Grade 4 Students			
RHU	Consolidated accomplishment report by Schools per Municipalities	RHU Midwife	РНО/СНО	Weekly
РНО/СНО	Analysis report of municipalities	Provincial/City NIP Coordinator	RHO	Weekly
RHO	Bulletin report of prov/city	Regional NIP Coordinator	CO-NIP	Weekly
CO	Bulletin report of CHDs	DPCB NIP	PHSC U	Weekly

### Annex G: Quick Health Assessment Form

### QUICK HEALTH ASSESSMENT FOR SCHOOL-BASED IMMUNIZATION (MR, Td, and HPV Vaccination)

Name of the Child	ary to the confi		Date of Birth	mm/dd/yyyy)
Surname:	First Name:	Middle Name:		
Central Management	1		4.0	Sea
Contact Number:	Name of Barang	ray (School):	A D S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	_
School:				
		ALTH ASSESSMENT		
	Te.	No.	Dublin	Reserve
<ol> <li>Does the child have fever (≥37.6°C)?</li> </ol>			If Yes, DEFER Vaccination; refer for medical management; and set a define date for the vaccination	Temp:
Date of last menstruation, if applicable:			If pregnant or suspected to be, DO NOT GIVE MR HPV Vaccine	
Note:  • Malnutrition, low-grade not be considered as con Immunization Card Mother Baby	ntraindications.	atory infections, diarrhed		inesses should
Assessed by:	<u>.</u>			
	ure over printed n	ame of the health work	er/screener	
Date (mm dd yvyv):				

Annex H: School-Based Immunization Card Template

Healthy Pilipinat			<b>6</b> 5	<del></del>
Vaccination School-age			Magp	abákuna
Child's name:				
Date of birth:				
Vaccine Type	Date	(Vaccination) Date		Date
MR (Measles-Rubella)		4. 550		
TD (Tetanus-Diphtheria)				
HPV* (Human Papilloma Virus)			ė.	
Others:			100 mm	
	2 14 2 15 15 15 A			
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### Annex I: List of Provinces/Cities Implementing HPV Vaccination

### CAR

- 1. Apayao
- 2. Ifugao
- 3 Abra
- **Baguio City** 4.
- Benguet 5.
- 6. Kalinga
- Mt. Province 7.

### Region I

- Pangasinan 1.
- Ilocos Norte
- 3 Ilocos Sur
- 4. La Union
- 5. **Alaminos City**
- **Candon City** 6.
- 7. Dagupan City
- 8. Laoag City
- San Carlos City
- 10. San Fernando City
- 11. Urdaneta City
- 12. Vigan City

### Region II

- 1. Batanes
- 2. Cagayan
- 3. Isabela
- 4. Nueva Vizcaya
- 5. Quirino
- 6. Santiago City
- 7. Ilagan City
- 8. Cauayan City
- 9. Tuguegarao City

### Region III

- Pampanga 1.
- 2. Zambales
- 3. Angeles City
- Cabanatuan City
- Gapan City 5.
- Mabalacat City
- Palayan City
- 8. **Muñoz City**
- 9. Nueva Ecija
- 10. Olongapo City
- 11. San Jose City
- 12. San Fernando City

### Region IV-A

- 1. Ouezon
- 2. Batangas Cavite
- 3.
- 4. Laguna
- 5. Rizal
- Antipolo City 6.
- Lucena City

### Region IV-B

- Puerto Princesa City 1.
- Marinduque
- 3 Occidental Mindoro
- 4. Oriental Mindoro
- 5. Palawan
- Rombion 6

### Region V

- 1. Masbate
- 2. **Camarines Sur**
- 3. Legazpi City
- Ligao City
- Tabaco City 5.

### Region VI

- Iloilo 1.
- 2. Iloilo City
- 3. **Negros Occidental**
- 4. **Bacolod City**
- 5. Antique
- 6. Aklan
- 7. Capiz
- 8. Guimaras

### Region VII

- 1. Cebu
- Cebu City 2.
- 3. Bohol
- 4. **Dumaguete City**
- 5. Negros Oriental
- Lapu-Lapu City 6.
- 7. Mandaue City
- 8. Signijor
- Tagbilaran City 9.

### Region VIII

- Eastern Samar 1.
- Northern Leyte 2.
- Northern Samar 3
- 4. Ormoc City
- **Tacloban City**
- 6. Borongan City

### Region IX

- 1. Zamboanga dei Sur
- 2. Pagadian City
- Zamboanga City

### Region X

- Camiguin 1.
- Bukidnon 2.
- Cagayan de Oro 3.
- 4. Iligan City
- 5. Lanao del Norte
- Misamis Occidental
- Misamis Oriental

### Region XI

- Davao Oriental 1.
- Davao City 2.
- Davao del Norte
- 4 **Davao Occidental**
- Davao del Sur
- 6. Davao De Oro

### Region XII

- North Cotabato 1.
- 2. Sarangani
- General Santos City 3.
- 4. South Cotabato
- 5. Sultan Kudarat

### Region XIII

- 1. Agusan del Norte
- Agusan Del Sur 2.
- Surigao Del Sur
- Surigao Del Norte 4
- 5. **Butuan City**

### **BARMM**

- 1. Lanao del Sur
- 2. Maguindanao Del Sur
- 3. Maguindanao Del Norte
- 4. Suhi
- Tawi-Tawi

### NCR

- 1.
- Caloocan City 2. Mandaluyong
- 3. Marikina City
- 4. Pasay City
- 5. **Quezon City**
- 6. **Taguig City**
- 7. Valenzuela City
- 8. Las Piñas City
- 9. Makati City
- 10. Malabon City 11. Manila City
- 12. Muntinhupa City
- 13. Navotas City 14. Paranaque City
- 15. Pasig City
- 16. Pateros 17. San Juan City

### Annex J: List of Immediately Notifiable AEFIs (AO 2023-0007: Revised Omnibus Guidelines on the Surveillance and Management of Adverse Events Following Immunization)

Adverse event	Case definition	Vaccine
Acute flaccid paralysis (Vaccine associated paralytic poliomyelitis)	Acute onset of flaccid paralysis within 4 to 30 days of receipt of oral poliovirus vaccine (OPV), or within 4 to 75 days after contact with a vaccine recipient and neurological deficits remaining 60 days after onset, or death.	OPV
	Notifiable if the onset is within 3 months after immunization	
Anaphylactoid reaction (acute hypersensitivity reaction)	Exaggerated acute allergic reaction, occurring withir 2 hours after immunization, characterized by one or more of the following:  • Wheezing and shortness of breath due to bronchospasm  • One or more skin manifestations, e.g. hives facial oedema, or generalized oedema. Less severe allergic reactions do not need to be reported.  • Laryngospasm/laryngeal oedema  Notifiable if the onset is within 24 to 48 hours after immunization	
Anaphylaxis	Severe immediate (within 1 hour) allergic reaction leading to circulatory failure with or without bronchospasm and/or laryngospasm/laryngeal oedema.  Notifiable if the onset is within 24 to 48 hours after immunization	Ali
Arthralgia	Joint pain usually including the small peripheral joints. Persistent if lasting longer than 10 days, transient: if lasting up to 10 days  Notifiable if the onset is within 1 month after	Rubelia, MMR
Brachial neuritis	Dysfunction of nerves supplying the arm/shoulder without other involvement of the nervous system. A deep steady, often severe aching pain in the shoulder and upper arm followed in days or weakness by weakness and wasting in arm/shoulder muscles. Sensory loss may be present, but is less prominent. May present on the same or the opposite side to the injection and sometimes affects both arms.  Notifiable if the onset is within 3 months after	Tetanus
Disseminated BCG infections	immunization  Widespread infection occurring within 1 to 12 months after BCG vaccination and confirmed by isolation of Mycobacterium bovis BCG strain.  Usually in immunocompromised individuals.	BCG
	Acute onset of major illness characterized by any	Measles- containing, Pertussis- containing

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	one day or more distinct change in behavior lasting one day or more. Needs to occur within 48 hours of DTP vaccine or from 7 to 12 days after measles or MMR vaccine, to be related to immunization.	
Hypotonic, hyporesponsive episode (HHE or shock-collapse)	Event of sudden onset occurring within 48 [usually less than 12] hours of vaccination and lasting from one minute to several hours, in children younger than 10 years of age. All of the following must be present:  • Limpness (hypotonic) • Reduced responsiveness (hyporesponsive) • Pallor or cyanosis – or failure to observe/recall	Mainly DTP, rarely others
Injection site abscess	Fluctuant or draining fluid filled lesion at the site of injection. Bacterial if evidence of infection (e.g. purulent, inflammatory signs, fever, culture), sterile abscess if not.  Notifiable if the onset is within 7 days after immunization	All
Lymphadenitis (includes simple and suppurative lymphadenitis)	Either at least one lymph node enlarged to >1.0 cm in size (one adult finger width) or a draining sinus over a lymph node. Almost exclusively caused by BCG and then occurring within 2 to 6 months after receipt of BCG vaccine, on the same side as inoculation (mostly axillary). May develop as early as two weeks after vaccination, most cases appear within six months, and almost all cases occur within 24 months.	BCG
Osteitis/ Osteomyelitis	Inflammation of the bone with isolation of Mycobacterium bovis BCG strain.  Notifiable if the onset is between 1 and 12 months after immunization	BCG
Persistent inconsolable screaming	Inconsolable continuous crying lasting 3 hours or longer accompanied by high-pitched screaming.  Notifiable if the onset is within 24 to 48 hours after immunization	DTP, Pertussis
Seizures	Occurrence of generalized convulsions that are not accompanied by focal neurological signs or symptoms. Febrile seizures: if temperature elevated >38°C (rectal) Afebrile seizures: if temperature normal  Notifiable if the onset is within 14 days after immunization	All, especially DTP, MMR Measles
Sepsis	Acute onset of severe generalized illness due to bacterial infection and confirmed (if possible) by positive blood culture. Needs to be reported as a possible indicator of program error.  Notifiable if the onset is within 7 days after immunization	All
Severe local reaction	Redness and/or swelling centered at the site of injection and one or more of the following:  • Swelling beyond the nearest joint	All

	<ul> <li>Pain, redness, and swelling of more than 3 days duration</li> <li>Requires hospitalization.</li> <li>Notifiable if the onset is within 7 days after immunization.</li> <li>Local reactions of lesser intensity occur commonly and are trivial and do not need to be reported.</li> </ul>	
Thrombocytopenia	Serum platelet count of less than 150,000/ml leading to bruising and/or bleeding  Notifiable if the onset is within 3 months after immunization	MMR
Toxic shock syndrome (TSS)	Abrupt onset of fever, vomiting and watery diarrhea within a few hours of immunization. Often leading to death within 24 to 48 hours. Needs to be reported as a possible indicator of program error.  Notifiable if the onset is within 24 to 48 hours after immunization	All

<sup>\*</sup>Brighton collaboration has developed case definitions for many vaccines reactions and is available at: www.brighton collaboration.org. Reference: Manual of Procedures for Surveillance and Response to AEFI, 2014